October 25, 2024 - April 18, 2025

Liling Landfill Gas Project

Project Details

Activity Types Landfill Gas Capture

Impact Type Avoided Emissions

Oxford Category I

Developer Zhuzhou Xinzhongshui Environmental Protection

Technology Co., Ltd.

Methodology ACM0001

Crediting Period 2020 - 2030

Purchased From CNaught Inc.

Registry Verra (<u>VCS 2503</u>)

Verifying Body China Classification Society Certification Company

Project Description

This project supports collection of landfill gas and generation of 3.2MW of electricity at a landfill in Liling City of Hunan Province, China. The project is expected to reduce nearly 1,000,000 tonnes of CO2e emissions during the project's lifetime. Credits are generated from two pieces of the project: (1) avoiding the emissions of methane (a potent greenhouse gas) into the atmosphere and (2) using the power generated from the methane (natural gas) to displace dirtier coal-fired power coming from the electric grid. The project clearly required carbon revenues to achieve these two goals and therefore generates high-quality carbon offsets.

Risk of Reversal

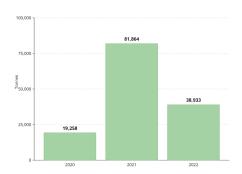
This project has no risk of reversal because its avoided emissions are not subject to being undone.

Accountability Measures

A registry-managed buffer pool exists to safeguard against project reversals. If a carbon storage project is reversed, credits from the buffer pool compensate for the shortfall, preserving environmental integrity.



Credits by Vintage



Location

Liling, Hunan Province, China



October 25, 2024 - April 18, 2025

Katingan Mentaya Project

Project Details

Activity Types Avoided Deforestation, Wetland Restoration and

Conservation

Impact Type Avoided Emissions

Oxford Category II

Developer PT. Rimba Makmur Utama (PT. RMU)

Methodology VM0007

Crediting Period 2010 - 2070

Purchased From CNaught Inc.

Registry Verra (VCS 1477)

Project Description

The Katingan Mentaya Project protects and restores 149,800 hectares of peatland ecosystems in Indonesia. The surrounding land was drained and converted to palm and other plantations, and the project prevents the protected area from the same fate. The are is a vitally important and dense carbon sink. While peatlands represent only 0.3% of the earth's surface, their destruction contributes between 2-5% of annual anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions. Katingan is one of the highest-regarded, large-scale avoided deforestation projects in the world.

Risk of Reversal

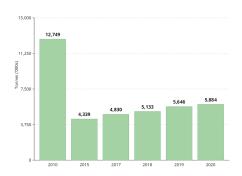
Nature-based projects like this one face some risk of reversal. Carbon storage may be affected by natural hazards such as wildfires, flooding, and escalating climate change impacts. Additionally, human-driven factors such as changes in land use or local governance structures can also impact carbon storage.

Accountability Measures

A registry-managed buffer pool exists to safeguard against project reversals. If a carbon storage project is reversed, credits from the buffer pool compensate for the shortfall, preserving environmental integrity.



Credits by Vintage



Location

Central Kalimantan, Indonesia





October 25, 2024 - April 18, 2025

X-Hazil

Project Details

Activity Types Improved Forest Management

Impact Type Removal

Oxford Category IV

Developer THEEARTHLAB SA de CV

Methodology CAR Mexico Forest Protocol V3.0

Crediting Period 2021 - 2121

Purchased From CNaught Inc.

Registry Climate Action Reserve (CAR 1863)

Verifying Body ANCE

Project Description

This project focuses on Improved Forest Management through strategic interventions in forest ecosystems. It aims to enhance sustainability by implementing regeneration practices that improve tree mass structure and maintain forest coverage. The project emphasizes maintaining the functional integrity of ecosystems while implementing silvicultural treatments and Forest Stewardship Council (FSC) monitoring protocols to ensure proper forest management.

Risk of Reversal

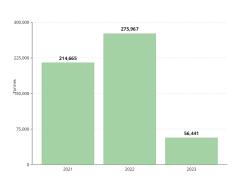
Nature-based projects like this one face some risk of reversal. Carbon storage may be affected by natural hazards such as wildfires, flooding, and escalating climate change impacts. Additionally, human-driven factors such as changes in land use or local governance structures can also impact carbon storage.

Accountability Measures

A registry-managed buffer pool exists to safeguard against project reversals. If a carbon storage project is reversed, credits from the buffer pool compensate for the shortfall, preserving environmental integrity.



Credits by Vintage



Location

Yucatan Peninsula, Mexico



October 25, 2024 - April 18, 2025



October 25, 2024 - April 18, 2025

Frontier Carbon Removal Portfolio

Project Details

Activity Types Long-Lived Removals

Impact Type Removal

Oxford Category V

Developer Frontier Climate

Methodology Various

Crediting Period 2027 and beyond

Purchased From CNaught Inc.

Registry None ()

Project Description

The Frontier offtake portfolio focuses exclusively on the most innovative permanent carbon removal technologies ready to rapidly scale. Frontier technologies are highly vetted against target criteria, including the ability to store removed carbon for more than a thousand years and the potential to be low-cost and high-volume in the future, in line with 2050 climate goals. Offtake carbon removal units come from a diverse and globally distributed portfolio of the most promising carbon removal technologies, vetted by industry experts and Frontier's team of scientists. The portfolio approach is intended to accelerate the broader carbon removal ecosystem and mitigate delivery risk. The portfolio includes a combination of: direct air capture, biomass carbon removal and storage, and other pathways as they become offtake ready.

Risk of Reversal

These projects face low risk of reversal because they are designed to store captured carbon for hundreds or even thousands of years. The primary risk of reversal comes from failure of the storage mechanism over the promised timeframe.

Accountability Measures

A registry-managed buffer pool exists to safeguard against project reversals. If a carbon storage project is reversed, credits from the buffer pool compensate for the shortfall, preserving environmental integrity.



Location

South San Francisco, California, United States



October 25, 2024 - April 18, 2025

Fuzhou Hongmiaoling Landfill Gas to Electricity Project

Project Details

Activity Types Landfill Gas Capture

Impact Type Avoided Emissions

Oxford Category I

Developer Fujian Tianyi Renewable Energy Technology & Utilization

Co., Ltd.

Methodology ACM0001

Crediting Period 2007 - 2017

Purchased From CNaught Inc.

Registry Verra (VCS 253)

Verifying Body Germanischer Lloyd Certification

Project Description

This project supports collection of landfill gas and generation of 2.5MW of electricity at a landfill in Fuzhou City in Fujian Province in southeastern China. The landfill received waste from 1995 until 2008, and—like most landfills—throws off methane as some of that waste decomposes. Credits are generated from two pieces of the project: (1) avoiding the emissions of methane (a potent greenhouse gas) into the atmosphere and (2) using the power generated from the methane (natural gas) to displace dirtier coal-fired power coming from the electric grid. The project clearly required carbon revenues to achieve these two goals and therefore generates high-quality carbon offsets.

Risk of Reversal

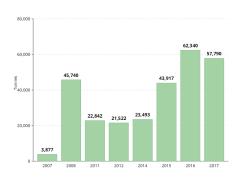
This project has no risk of reversal because its avoided emissions are not subject to being undone.

Accountability Measures

A registry-managed buffer pool exists to safeguard against project reversals. If a carbon storage project is reversed, credits from the buffer pool compensate for the shortfall, preserving environmental integrity.



Credits by Vintage



Location

Fujian Province, China

