



April 1, 2023 - December 14, 2025

Katingan Mentaya Conservation

Project Details

Activity Types Avoided Deforestation, Wetland Restoration and

Conservation

Impact Type Avoided Emissions

Oxford Category Nature-based Reductions

Developer PT. Rimba Makmur Utama (PT. RMU)

Methodology VM0007

Crediting Period 2010 - 2070

Purchased From CNaught Inc.

Registry Verra (<u>VCS 1477</u>)

Verifying Body SCS Global Services

Project Description

The Katingan Mentaya Conservation project protects and restores 149,800 hectares of peatland ecosystems in Indonesia. The surrounding land was drained and converted to palm and other plantations, and the project prevents the protected area from the same fate. The are is a vitally important and dense carbon sink. While peatlands represent only 0.3% of the earth's surface, their destruction contributes between 2-5% of annual anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions. Katingan is one of the highest-regarded, large-scale avoided deforestation projects in the world.

Risk of Reversal

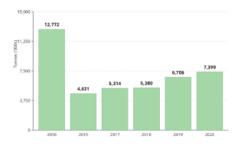
Nature-based projects like this one face some risk of reversal. Carbon storage may be affected by natural hazards such as wildfires, flooding, and escalating climate change impacts. Additionally, human-driven factors such as changes in land use or local governance structures can also impact carbon storage.

Accountability Measures

A registry-managed buffer pool exists to safeguard against project reversals. If a carbon storage project is reversed, credits from the buffer pool compensate for the shortfall, preserving environmental integrity.



Credits by Vintage



Location

Central Kalimantan, Indonesia







April 1, 2023 - December 14, 2025

Fuzhou Hongmiaoling Landfill Gas to Electricity

Project Details

Activity Types Landfill Gas Capture

Impact Type Avoided Emissions

Oxford Category Technology-based Reductions

Developer Fujian Tianyi Renewable Energy Technology & Utilization

Co., Ltd.

Methodology ACM0001

Crediting Period 2007 - 2017

Purchased From CNaught Inc.

Registry Verra (VCS 253)

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Verifying Body Germanischer Lloyd Certification

Project Description

This project supports collection of landfill gas and generation of 2.5MW of electricity at a landfill in Fuzhou City in Fujian Province in southeastern China. The landfill received waste from 1995 until 2008, and—like most landfills—throws off methane as some of that waste decomposes. Credits are generated from two pieces of the project: (1) avoiding the emissions of methane (a potent greenhouse gas) into the atmosphere and (2) using the power generated from the methane (natural gas) to displace dirtier coal-fired power coming from the electric grid. The project clearly required carbon revenues to achieve these two goals and therefore generates high-quality carbon offsets.

Risk of Reversal

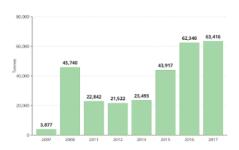
This project has no risk of reversal because its avoided emissions are not subject to being undone.

Accountability Measures

A registry-managed buffer pool exists to safeguard against project reversals. If a carbon storage project is reversed, credits from the buffer pool compensate for the shortfall, preserving environmental integrity.



Credits by Vintage



Location

Fujian Province, China







April 1, 2023 - December 14, 2025

Titas Gas Leak Repair

Project Details

Activity Types Fugitive Emissions Reduction

Impact Type Avoided Emissions

Oxford Category Technology-based Reductions

Developer Titas Gas Transmission & Distribution Co.

Methodology AM0023

Crediting Period 2017 - 2027

Purchased From CNaught Inc.

Registry Verra (<u>VCS 2478</u>)

Verifying Body TUV SUD

Project Description

Located in Greater Dhaka, Bangladesh, this project reduces natural gas leaks from a gas distribution network in Bangladesh through the use of an advanced leak detection and repair program. Natural gas is a potent greenhouse gas and the technology is available to detect and repair pipeline leakage. But, without carbon credit revenue, deploying that technology would not be economical (or otherwise required) in Bangladesh. Beyond being highly additional and conservative with its emission reduction calculations, this project also supports the safety and well-being of local communities by improving their access to a cleaner source of energy.

Risk of Reversal

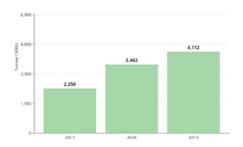
This project has little to no risk of reversal because its avoided emissions are not subject to being undone.

Accountability Measures

A registry-managed buffer pool exists to safeguard against project reversals. If a carbon storage project is reversed, credits from the buffer pool compensate for the shortfall, preserving environmental integrity.



Credits by Vintage



Location

Greater Dhaka, Bangladesh







April 1, 2023 - December 14, 2025

Istanbul Landfill Gas to Electricity

Project Details

Activity Types Landfill Gas Capture

Impact Type Avoided Emissions

Oxford Category Technology-based Reductions

Developer Ortadoğu Enerji

Methodology ACM0001

Crediting Period 2009 - 2023

Purchased From CNaught Inc.

Registry Gold Standard (GS 707)

Project Description

This project supports collection of landfill gas and generation of more than 51MW of electricity at the Odayeri and Komurcuoda landfill sites near Istanbul in Turkey. Like most landfills, these sites throw off methane as some of the waste decomposes. Credits are generated from two pieces of the project: (1) avoiding the emissions of methane (a potent greenhouse gas) into the atmosphere and (2) using the power generated from the methane (natural gas) to displace dirtier coal-fired power coming from the electric grid. The project clearly required carbon revenues to achieve these two goals and therefore generates high-quality carbon offsets.

Risk of Reversal

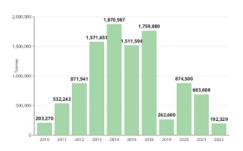
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Accountability Measures

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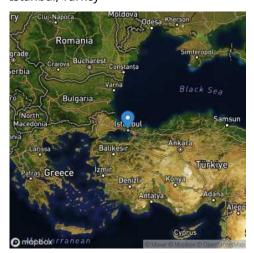


Credits by Vintage



Location

Istanbul, Turkey







April 1, 2023 - December 14, 2025

Gaziantep Landfill Gas

Project Details

Activity Types Landfill Gas Capture

Impact Type Avoided Emissions

Oxford Category Technology-based Reductions

Developer CEV Enerji

Methodology ACM0001 v18

Crediting Period 2010 - 2031

Purchased From CNaught Inc.

Registry Gold Standard (GS 745)

Verifying Body RINA Services S.p.A. (RINA)

Project Description

This project supports collection of landfill gas and generation of 5.655MW of electricity at a landfill serving Gaziantep City, Turkey. The project is expected to reduce more than 91,000 tonnes of CO2e emissions each year. Credits are generated from two pieces of the project: (1) avoiding the emissions of methane (a potent greenhouse gas) into the atmosphere and (2) using the power generated from the methane (natural gas) to displace dirtier fossil-fuel-produced power coming from the electric grid. The project clearly required carbon revenues to achieve these two goals and therefore generates high-quality carbon offsets.

Risk of Reversal

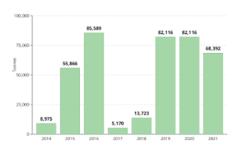
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Accountability Measures

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Credits by Vintage



Location

Gaziantep City, Turkey







April 1, 2023 - December 14, 2025

Oeste de Caucaia Landfill

Project Details

Activity Types Landfill Gas Capture

Impact Type Avoided Emissions

Oxford Category Technology-based Reductions

Developer GNR Fortaleza Valorização de Biogás Ltda.

Methodology ACM0001 v15

Crediting Period 2016 - 2023

Purchased From CNaught Inc.

Registry Verra (<u>VCS 2600</u>)

Verifying Body KBS Certification Services

Project Description

This project supports collection of landfill gas at a municipal landfill near the city of Fortaleza in the state of Ceará, Brazil. As organic matter like food waste decomposes, the landfill emits landfill gas, which is primarily methane. The project reduces emissions by (i) capturing landfill gas that would, under normal circumstances, be emitted to the atmosphere and (ii) by using it to produce natural gas. Captured landfill gas is sent to an upgrading facility and then injected into Companhia de Gás do Ceará's natural gas distribution grid, which then displaces other natural gas that would otherwise be used.

Risk of Reversal

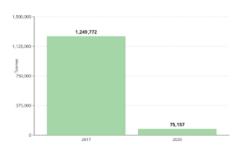
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Accountability Measures

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Credits by Vintage



Location

Caucaia, Ceará, Brazil







April 1, 2023 - December 14, 2025

X-Hazil

Project Details

Activity Types Improved Forest Management

Impact Type Removal

Oxford Category Nature-based Removals

Developer THEEARTHLAB SA de CV

Methodology CAR Mexico Forest Protocol V3.0

Crediting Period 2021 - 2121

Purchased From CNaught Inc.

Registry Climate Action Reserve (CAR 1863)

Verifying Body ANCE

Project Description

This project focuses on Improved Forest Management through strategic interventions in forest ecosystems. It aims to enhance sustainability by implementing regeneration practices that improve tree mass structure and maintain forest coverage. The project emphasizes maintaining the functional integrity of ecosystems while implementing silvicultural treatments and Forest Stewardship Council (FSC) monitoring protocols to ensure proper forest management.

Risk of Reversal

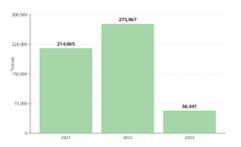
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Credits by Vintage



Location

Yucatan Peninsula, Mexico







April 1, 2023 - December 14, 2025

Delta Blue Carbon

Project Details

Activity Types Reforestation, Wetland Restoration and Conservation

Impact Type Removal

Oxford Category Nature-based Removals

Developer Government of Sindh, Forest Department & Indus Delta

Capital Ltd.

Methodology VM0033

Crediting Period 2015 - 2075

Purchased From CNaught Inc.

Registry Verra (<u>VCS 2250</u>)

Verifying Body ICONTEC

Project Description

The Delta Blue Carbon project seeks to to restore degraded lands through large-scale mangrove reforestation on the Indus Delta in Pakistan. While the area was previously covered in mangroves, which sequester 3-5 times more CO2 per hectare than upland tropical forests, they largely disappeared by the 1980s. The project will ultimately plant mangroves on nearly 225,000 hectares of land and estimates that it will remove over 2.4 million tonnes of CO2e per year. This makes it the largest restoration program in the world. Despite inherent challenges involved in mangrove restoration projects, Delta Blue is also highly regarded, with Renoster stating that its "governance, design, and execution is well orchestrated and scientifically rigorous."

Risk of Reversal

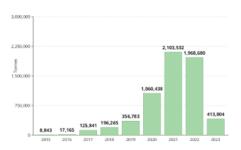
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Credits by Vintage



Location

Sindh, Pakistan







April 1, 2023 - December 14, 2025

Kuamut Rainforest Conservation

Project Details

Activity Types Improved Forest Management

Impact Type Avoided Emissions

Oxford Category Nature-based Removals

Developer Permian Malaysia

Methodology VM0010

Crediting Period 2015 - 2045

Purchased From CNaught Inc.

Registry Verra (VCS 2609)

Verifying Body Earthood

Project Description

This project is protecting over 83,000 hectares of biodiverse tropical forests from intensive logging. The project area is creating jobs, supporting the regrowth of logged forests and fostering biodiversity. The project area is known to support populations of elephants, banteng, orangutan, and endangered bird species including the Helmeted Hornbill, Bornean Peacock Pheasant and Storm's Stork.

Risk of Reversal

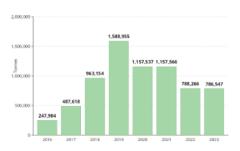
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Credits by Vintage



Location

Malaysia







April 1, 2023 - December 14, 2025

Kootznoowoo Native Community Forestry

Project Details

Activity Types Improved Forest Management

Impact Type Removal

Oxford Category Nature-based Reductions, Nature-based Removals

Developer Anew

Methodology Improved Forest Management (IFM) on U.S. Timberlands

Crediting Period 2017 - 2034

Purchased From CNaught Inc.

Registry ACR (ACR 499)

Verifying Body S&A Carbon

Project Description

The Kootznoowoo Project protects 20,159 acres across four areas of forest on the Dolomi and Dora Bay tracts of Prince of Wales Island, Alaska. 8,000 acres of the project include rare, old-growth forest. The project is owned by the native Haida and Tlingit people and managed in partnership with the U.S. Forest Service. The carbon revenue supports the native population of about 500 living in the village of Andoon through job and scholarship opportunities. There is good evidence, based on both past practice in the project areas and current practice in surrounding areas, that the project area would be at significant risk of logging absent the project as a means to support the livelihoods of the native project owners. The project is an improved forestry management project, with carbon credits allocated by formula to avoided emissions from logging and to carbon removals from additional tree growth. CNaught retires both carbon removal and emission avoidance credits.

Risk of Reversal

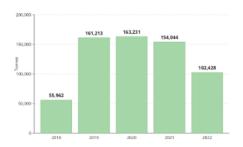
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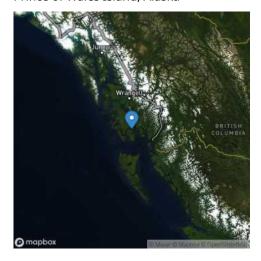


Credits by Vintage



Location

Prince of Wales Island, Alaska







April 1, 2023 - December 14, 2025

Frontier Carbon Removal Portfolio

Project Details

Activity Types Long-Lived Removals

Impact Type Removal

Oxford Category Technology-based Removals

Developer Frontier Climate

Methodology Various

Crediting Period 2027 and beyond

Purchased From CNaught Inc.

Registry None ()

Project Description

The Frontier offtake portfolio focuses exclusively on the most innovative permanent carbon removal technologies ready to rapidly scale. Frontier technologies are highly vetted against target criteria, including the ability to store removed carbon for more than a thousand years and the potential to be low-cost and high-volume in the future, in line with 2050 climate goals. Offtake carbon removal units come from a diverse and globally distributed portfolio of the most promising carbon removal technologies, vetted by industry experts and Frontier's team of scientists. The portfolio approach is intended to accelerate the broader carbon removal ecosystem and mitigate delivery risk. The portfolio includes a combination of: direct air capture, biomass carbon removal and storage, and other pathways as they become offtake ready.

Risk of Reversal

These projects face low risk of reversal because they are designed to store captured carbon for hundreds or even thousands of years. The primary risk of reversal comes from failure of the storage mechanism over the promised timeframe.

Accountability Measures

A registry-managed buffer pool exists to safeguard against project reversals. If a carbon storage project is reversed, credits from the buffer pool compensate for the shortfall, preserving environmental integrity.



Location

South San Francisco, California, United States







April 1, 2023 - December 14, 2025

Farm Gai Kaisa

Project Details

Activity Types Biochar

Impact Type Removal

Oxford Category Technology-based Removals

Developer Planboo

Methodology Puro.earth Biochar

Crediting Period 2024 - 2029

Purchased From CNaught Inc.

Registry Puro.earth (PUR 226049)

Verifying Body Earth Services Limited

Project Description

This project converts invasive bush into biochar, delivering permanent carbon removal while restoring the local savannah ecosystem. The project has already removed nearly 15,000 tonnes of CO_2 and aims to remove 329,000 tonnes by 2030. The project's biochar is given to local farmers to enhance their soil's health and boosts crop yields.

Risk of Reversal

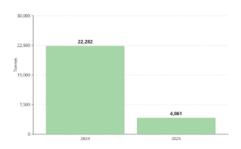
Biochar faces low risk of reversal when applied in soil due to fire, flooding, or extreme drought. However, due to its highly stable carbon structure, high-quality biochar is considered to have a very low risk of reversal when used for carbon sequestration, with the potential to store carbon for centuries.

Accountability Measures

A registry-managed buffer pool exists to safeguard against project reversals. If a carbon storage project is reversed, credits from the buffer pool compensate for the shortfall, preserving environmental integrity.



Credits by Vintage



Location

Namibia







April 1, 2023 - December 14, 2025

La Libertad

Project Details

Activity Types Improved Forest Management

Impact Type Removal

Oxford Category Nature-based Removals

Developer Senderos y Encuentros para un Desarrollo Autónomo

Sustentable A.C.

Methodology CAR Mexico Forest Protocol Version 2.0

Crediting Period 2019 - 2048

Purchased From CNaught Inc.

Registry Climate Action Reserve (<u>CAR 1433</u>)

Project Description

La Libertad is a community-run Improved Forest Management project in Perote, Veracruz, Mexico that enhances carbon sequestration of 343.59 hectares of native pine forest through sustainable forest management practices. Launched in May 2019 with a 30-year commitment, this project combines sustainable timber harvesting with robust forest protection measures. The project trains local community members and creates infrastructure to combat forest fires and prevent illegal logging. This balanced approach provides the local community with income from responsibly harvested wood products while supporting native biodiversity and maximizing the forest's carbon storage capacity.

Risk of Reversal

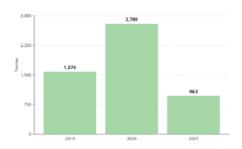
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Accountability Measures

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Credits by Vintage



Location

Veracruz, Mexico







April 1, 2023 - December 14, 2025

Charm Industrial Bio Oil

Project Details

Activity Types Bio-Oil Sequestration, Long-Lived Removals

Impact Type Removal

Oxford Category Technology-based Removals

Developer Charm Industrial

Methodology Charm

Crediting Period 2020 - 2025

Purchased From CNaught Inc.

Registry Isometric (ISO 7BDE)

Project Description

Living plants, whether trees or agricultural crops, capture carbon dioxide from the atmosphere. However, after the plants die or the crops are harvested, the plants decompose and re-release that carbon. Charm collects plant waste, applies a heating process called pyrolysis that converts the plant waste into bio-oil, and injects that bio oil into deep wells or caverns where it hardens and will be stored permanently. Charm thereby makes the plants' temporary removal of carbon dioxide permanent. While its technology is promising, Charm currently charges \$600 per metric tonne of CO2e sequestered and is delivering only a small amount of carbon removal per year. CNaught supports companies like Charm to help send a market signal that will help innovative technologies like that developed by Charm can reach scale.

Risk of Reversal

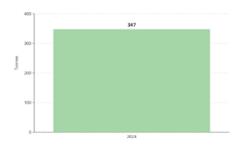
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Credits by Vintage



Location

San Francisco, California, United States

